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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/751,520	12/29/2000	Bradley J. Quinn	P1651US00	8825
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/751,520	QUINN, BRADLEY J.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	MYLINH TRAN	2179
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perior. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a repl od will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH ute, cause the application to become ABAN	ATION. y be timely filed S from the mailing date of this communication. IDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 20 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ The 3 ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. /ance except for formal matter	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) <u>44-80</u> is/are pending in the applicat 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdown 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>44-80</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.	
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and an applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the oath or declaration is objected to by the	ccepted or b) objected to by ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance ection is required if the drawing(s)	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	nts have been received. nts have been received in Appiority documents have been reeau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	olication No ceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/N	rmal Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 11/20/08 has been entered.

Amendment's Amendment filed 11/20/08 has been entered and carefully considered. Claims 44, 53, 58, 63, 67 have been amended. Claims 71-80 have been added. However, the limitations of the amended and new claims have not been found to be patentable over prior art of record of record, therefore, claims 44-80 are rejected under the same ground of rejection as set forth in the office action mailed 07/23/08.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 44-49, 52-80 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Humpleman [US. 6,288,716] in view of Yang [US. 6,133,847].

As to claims 44, 53 and 58, Humpleman teaches initiating a connection between the thin information appliance and the remote device to supply the user interface data for use with the user interface template in creating the user interface, said user interface template being stored in the thin information appliance prior to the initiation of said connection (column 2, line 45 through column 3, line 45);

receiving in the information appliance the user interface data from the remote device to be controlled, wherein the user interface data describes a plurality of remote device functions performed by the remote device (column 2, lines 57-67);

determining functions available in the user interface template that correspond to each of the plurality of remote device functions described by the user interface data (column 4, lines 24-42);

assigning one of a plurality of representations respectively to each one of the plurality of remote device functions described by the user interface data (column 4, line 24 through column 5, line 22); programming each of the assigned plurality of representations of the user interface for the information appliance to respectively control its corresponding one of the plurality of remote device functions (column 9, lines 21-29 and lines 59-63); and storing the user interface on the information appliance, the user interface including the assigned plurality of representations programmed to control the plurality of remote device functions (column 4, line 42 through column 5, line 23).

Humpleman fails to clearly teach the thin information appliance with limited processing and storage capabilities although Humpleman teaches "a first home device that is capable of displaying user interface data being connected to the home network, a second home device that stores <u>user interface data which defines a user interface for commanding and controlling the second home device</u>...The first home device receives the user interface data from the second home device over the home network." (column 2, lines 46-54).

However, in the same field of Humpleman, Yang teaches the thin information appliance at column 3, lines 6-23. Applicant's attention is directed to the cited passage "Data interface 110 is utilized to download programming software code to the remote control device from the particular appliance that is to be controlled. The programming code that is downloaded to the remote control device is that code that is required in order to control the functions of the appliance to be controlled. The downloaded programming code is stored in memory 120 of the remote control device."

Yang does not download an entire user interface of the controlled devices but only the programming code of its controlled devices.

It would have been obvious to one of skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to combine the Yang's teaching of the thin information appliance with the teaching of Humpleman. Motivation of the combination would have been to save storage and memory for a remote control.

As to claims 45, 54, 59, 64 and 68, Yang teaches the user interface data describing the plurality of remote device functions does not comprise a whole of

the user interface for the thin information appliance to control the remote device, thereby reducing resources usage of the thin information appliance (column 3, lines 6-23). It would have been obvious to one of skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to combine the Yang's teaching of the thin information appliance with the teaching of Humpleman. Motivation of the combination would have been to save storage and memory for a remote control.

As to claims 46, 55 and 60, Humpleman teaches the plurality of representations including at least one representation selected from a group consisting of an icon, a scroll bar, a back arrow, a forward arrow, a keypad, a horizontal scrollbar and a vertical scrollbar (column 7, lines 26-47).

As to claims 47, 56, 61, 65 and 69, Humpleman teaches accepting input from a user to interact with a selected representation from among the plurality of representations; communicating the input to the remote device through a network such that the user is able to utilize the desired function on the remote device corresponding to the selected representation (column 5, lines 5-36).

As to claim 48, Humpleman teaches the plurality of remote device functions of the remote device including at least one selected from a group consisting of viewing remote device interface functions, viewing a remote device output, selecting the remote device interface functions, selecting the remote device output, changing the remote device interface functions, and changing the remote device output (column 6, line 60 through column 7, line 26).

As to claims 49 and 57, Humpleman teaches monitoring interface of a user with the selected representation from among the plurality of representations; and storing data representative of the monitored interaction, the data representative of the monitored interaction being used to configure the display of the selected representation (column 8, line 55 through column 9, line 5).

As to claim 52, Humpleman teaches identifying a resource on the remote device with which a user interacts; and loading a user interface representation corresponding to the identified resource (column 9, lines 45-63).

As to claims 62, 66 and 70, Humpleman teaches the input including at least one of selecting an icon, manipulating a scroll bar, inputting a data set, and interacting with a representation of a user interface function on the remote device (column 7, lines 26-47).

As to claim 63, Humpleman teaches accessing a resource on the remote device through a network (column 6, lines 53-67); evaluating interaction of a user with the resource (column 9, lines 45-62); identifying the resource based on the evaluated interaction; and loading the user interface corresponding to the identified resource (column 9, line 64 through column 10, line 40); Initiating a connection between the thin information appliance and the remote device to supply the user interface data for use with the user interface template in creating the user interface, said user interface template being stored in the thin information appliance prior to the initiation of said connection (column 2, line 45 through column 3, line 45;

receiving in the thin information appliance the user interface data from the remote device to be controlled, wherein the user interface data describes a plurality of remote device functions performed by the remote device (column 2, lines 57-67); determining functions available in the user interface template that correspond to each of the plurality of remote device functions described by the user interface data (column 4, lines 24-42); assigning one of a plurality of representations respectively to each one of the plurality of remote device functions described by the user interface data (column 4, line 24 through column 5, line 22); programming each of the assigned plurality of representations of the user interface for the thin information appliance to respectively control its corresponding one of the plurality of remote device functions (column 9, lines 21-29 and lines 59-63); and storing the user interface on the thin information appliance, the user interface including the assigned plurality of representations programmed to control the plurality of remote device functions (column 4, line 42 through column 5, line 23).

Humpleman fails to clearly teach the thin information appliance with limited processing and storage capabilities although Humpleman teaches "a first home device that is capable of displaying user interface data being connected to the home network, a second home device that stores <u>user interface data which defines a user interface for commanding and controlling the second home device</u>...The first home device receives the user interface data from the second home device over the home network." (column 2, lines 46-54).

However, in the same field of Humpleman, Yang teaches the thin information appliance at column 3, lines 6-23. Applicant's attention is directed to the cited passage "Data interface 110 is utilized to download programming software code to the remote control device from the particular appliance that is to be controlled. The programming code that is downloaded to the remote control device is that code that is required in order to control the functions of the appliance to be controlled. The downloaded programming code is stored in memory 120 of the remote control device."

Yang does not download an entire user interface of the controlled devices but only the programming code of its controlled devices.

It would have been obvious to one of skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to combine the Yang's teaching of the thin information appliance with the teaching of Humpleman. Motivation of the combination would have been to save storage and memory for a remote control.

As to claim 67, Humpleman teaches a communications network configure to provide a connection between the thin information appliance and the remote device to supply the user interface data for use with the user interface template in creating the user interface, said user interface template being stored in the thin information appliance prior to the initiation of said connection (column 2, line 45 through column 3, line 45;

the remote device comprising equipment capable of connecting to the communications network (column 4, lines 24-42); and a plurality of remote device functions (column 6, line 54 through column 7, line 47); and the

information appliance comprising equipment configured to provide at least intermittent connection between the thin information appliance and the remote device through the communications network (column 7, lines 25-58); receiving in the thin information appliance the user interface data from the remote device to be controlled, wherein the user interface data describes a plurality of remote device functions performed by the remote device (column 2, lines 57-67); determining functions available in the user interface template that correspond to each of the plurality of remote device functions described by the user interface data (column 4, lines 24-42); assigning one of a plurality of representations respectively to each one of the plurality of remote device functions described by the user interface data (column 4, line 24 through column 5, line 22); programming each of the assigned plurality of representations of the user interface for the thin information appliance to respectively control its corresponding one of the plurality of remote device functions (column 9, lines 21-29 and lines 59-63); and storing the user interface on the thin information appliance, the user interface including the assigned plurality of representations programmed to control the plurality of remote device functions (column 4, line 42 through column 5, line 23).

Humpleman fails to clearly teach the thin information appliance with limited processing and storage capabilities although Humpleman teaches "a first home device that is capable of displaying user interface data being connected to the home network, a second home device that stores <u>user interface data which</u> defines a user interface for commanding and controlling the second home

<u>device</u>...The first home device receives the user interface data from the second home device over the home network." (column 2, lines 46-54).

However, in the same field of Humpleman, Yang teaches the thin information appliance at column 3, lines 6-23. Applicant's attention is directed to the cited passage "Data interface 110 is utilized to download programming software code to the remote control device from the particular appliance that is to be controlled. The programming code that is downloaded to the remote control device is that code that is required in order to control the functions of the appliance to be controlled. The downloaded programming code is stored in memory 120 of the remote control device."

Yang does not download an entire user interface of the controlled devices but only the programming code of its controlled devices.

It would have been obvious to one of skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to combine the Yang's teaching of the thin information appliance with the teaching of Humpleman. Motivation of the combination would have been to save storage and memory for a remote control.

As to claims 71, 75 and 79, Yang teaches using a rendering engine of the thin information appliance to configure the user interface based on said user interface data received (column 4, lines 15-38).

As to claims 72, 74, 76, 78 and 80, Yang teaches creating a second user interface for said thin appliance to control a second remote device, The second user interface being created from said user interface template of said thin

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appliance based on second user interface data received from the second remote device (column 4, lines 15-46).

As to claims 73 and 77, Yang teaches using a rendering engine of the thin information appliance to configure the user interfaces based on said user interface data received (column 4, line 15 through column 5, line20).

Claims 50-51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Humpleman [US. 6,288, 716] in view of Yang [US. 6,133,847].

As to claims 50 and 51, Humpleman in view of Yang fail to clearly teach the feature of the data representative of the monitored interaction including an amount of time spent by the user interacting with the selected representation, and further wherein a display of the plurality of representations is configured to include the selected representation if said amount of time is greater than a threshold amount of time. However, it would have been well known in the computer art in which the monitored interaction data including an amount of time and a number of time spent by the user interacting because Humpleman teaches "using the interface, applications running on a home network device have accessed to the sensor and detector devices around the home for monitoring and controlling of those devices (column 22, lines 55-57), in order to monitor these devices, user need an amount of time to accomplish this task. It would have been obvious to one of skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to combine the well known implementation with the teachings of

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Humpleman and Yang. Motivation of the combination would have been to control the display content in response to the past behavior of a viewer.

Response to Arguments

Applicant has argued that Humpleman does not teach or suggest an information appliance with limited processing and storage capabilities. However, Humpleman teaches "a first home device that is capable of displaying user interface data being connected to the home network, a second home device that stores user interface data which defines a user interface for commanding and controlling the second home device...The first home device receives the user interface data from the second home device over the home network." (column 2, lines 46-54). Yang teaches the thin information appliance at column 3, lines 6-23. Applicant's attention is directed to the cited passage "Data interface 110 is utilized to download programming software code to the remote control device from the particular appliance that is to be controlled. The programming code that is downloaded to the remote control device is that code that is required in order to control the functions of the appliance to be controlled. The downloaded programming code is stored in memory 120 of the remote control device." Yang does not download an entire user interface of the controlled devices but only the programming code of its controlled devices.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mylinh Tran. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon - Thu from 7:00AM to 3:00PM at 571-272-4141.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Weilun Lo, can be reached at 571-272-4847.

The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are as follows:

571-273-8300

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Mylinh Tran

Art Unit 2179

/Weilun Lo/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2179